

## **Discrimination and Harassment Complaint Procedure**

This procedure has been adopted by the Board in order to provide a method of prompt and equitable resolution of employee complaints of discrimination and harassment as described in policies 2401 – Nondiscrimination/Equal Opportunity and 2403 - Harassment and Sexual Harassment of Employees. This procedure may also be used, to the extent applicable, by visitors, including parents, volunteers and others having lawful access to the schools who wish to make a complaint of discrimination or harassment. Complaints alleging harassment or discrimination of students based on a protected category should be addressed through the Board's Student Discrimination and Harassment Complaint Procedure (Policy 5130).

Any individual who is unsure about whether discrimination or harassment has occurred and/or or which complaint procedure applies is encouraged to contact the Human Rights Officer (or HRO)/Title IX Coordinator.

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### **Section I. Definitions**

For purposes of these complaint procedures, the following definitions will be used. The Human Rights Officer/Title IX Coordinator shall assess all reports and complaints to ensure that they are addressed under the appropriate policy and complaint procedure.

#### **A. Discrimination/Harassment Complaint Procedure Definitions**

1. "Discrimination or harassment": Discrimination or harassment on the basis of an individual's membership in a protected category, which, for employees, includes race, color, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, age, religion, ancestry, national origin, genetic information or disability.
2. "Discrimination": Treating individuals differently, or interfering with or preventing them from enjoying the advantages or privileges afforded to others because of their membership in a protected category.
3. "Harassment": Oral, written, graphic, electronic or physical conduct relating to an individual's actual or perceived membership in a protected category that is sufficiently severe, pervasive or persistent so as to interfere with or limit that individual's ability to participate in the school district's programs or activities by creating a hostile, intimidating or offensive environment.

4. "Sexual harassment": Under New Hampshire law, this means unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, and other verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature in the following situations:
  - a. Submission to such conduct is made either explicitly or implicitly a term or condition of a student's educational benefits;
  - b. Submission to or rejection of such conduct by a student is used as the basis for decisions on educational benefits; or
  - c. Such conduct has the purpose and effect of substantially interfering with a student's academic performance or creates an intimidating, hostile or offensive environment.
5. "Sexual orientation": Under New Hampshire law, this means "having or being perceived as having an orientation for heterosexuality, bisexuality, or homosexuality."
6. "Gender identity": Under New Hampshire law, this means "a person's gender-related identity, appearance, or behavior, whether or not that gender-related identity, appearance, or behavior is different from that traditionally associated with the person's physiology or assigned sex at birth."
7. "Complaint" is defined as an allegation that an employee or other third party has been discriminated against or harassed on the basis of race, color, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, age, religion, ancestry, national origin, genetic information or disability (and in regard to sex, conduct not otherwise addressed in the Title IX regulations and Section 3 of policy 2403-R.
8. "Employee": Whenever the term "employee" is used in Section 2, it includes visitors or others who have a lawful basis to make a complaint of discrimination or harassment.

## **B. Title IX Sexual Harassment Complaint Procedure Definitions**

1. "Title IX sexual harassment": Under the federal Title IX regulations, sexual harassment includes the following conduct on the basis of sex which takes place within the context of the school district's education programs and activities:
  - a. "Quid pro quo" sexual harassment by a school employee: Conditioning a school aid, benefit or service (such as a promotion or favorable evaluation) on an individual's participation in unwelcome sexual conduct;
  - b. "Hostile environment" sexual harassment: Unwelcome conduct based on sex that a reasonable person would determine is so severe, pervasive and objectively offensive that it effectively denies an individual's equal access to the school district's education programs and activities; or
  - c. Sexual assault, dating violence, domestic violence and stalking as these terms are defined in federal laws.

2. “Report”: Under the Title IX regulations, any individual may make a report of sexual harassment involving an employee, whether the individual is the alleged victim or not. A report must be made to the Human Rights Officer/Title IX Coordinator. A report triggers certain actions by the HRO/Title IX Coordinator for the alleged victim of sexual harassment, but an investigation is not conducted unless a “Formal Complaint” is filed.
3. “Formal Complaint”: Under Title IX, the alleged victim of sexual harassment can file a written complaint that triggers the complaint procedure in Section 3 of ACAB-R. Only a school employee (and in certain circumstances, the HRO/Title IX Coordinator) may file a formal complaint.
4. “Employee”: For the purpose of this procedure, “employee” means an applicant for employment or a current employee of the school district.

## **Section 2. Discrimination/Harassment Complaint Procedure**

This procedure should be used for any complaint of unlawful harassment or discrimination based on a protected category which does not involve Title IX sexual harassment.

### **A. How to Make a Complaint**

1. Any employee who believes he/she has been harassed or discriminated against (as such terms are defined in Section 1.A. 1-3) is encouraged to try to resolve the problem by informing the individual(s) that the behavior is unwelcome or offensive and by requesting that the behavior stop. This shall not prevent the employee, however, from making an immediate formal complaint to the HRO/Title IX Coordinator.
2. Any employee who believes he/she has been harassed or discriminated against should report their concern promptly to the HRO/Title IX Coordinator. Written reports are preferred, but not required. A written complaint must include basic information concerning the allegation of harassment or discrimination (i.e., date, time, location, individual(s) who alleged engaged in harassment or discrimination, description of allegation).
3. Employees who are unsure as to whether unlawful discrimination or harassment has occurred or who need assistance in preparing a written complaint, are encouraged to discuss the matter with the HRO/Title IX Coordinator.
4. Employees will not be retaliated against for reporting suspected discrimination or harassment or for participating in an investigation. Retaliation is illegal under federal and state nondiscrimination laws, and any retaliation will result in disciplinary measures, up to and including dismissal.
5. Any employee who believes he/she has been discriminated against or harassed is encouraged to utilize the District’s complaint procedure.

Employees also have the right to report incidents of discrimination or harassment directly to the police; the New Hampshire Commission on Human Rights, 2 Chenell Drive, Concord, NH 03301-8501 (telephone: 603-271-2767); the Boston Area Office of the U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission, John F. Kennedy Federal Building, 475 Government Center, Boston, MA 02203 (telephone: 1-800-669-4000); and/or, the federal Office for Civil Rights, Regional Director, U.S. Department of Education, 5 Post Office Square, 8<sup>th</sup> Floor, Boston, MA 02110-1491 (telephone: 617-289-0111).

## **B. Complaint Handling and Investigation**

1. The HRO/Title IX Coordinator will promptly inform the Superintendent and the person who is the subject of the Complaint (respondent) that a Complaint has been received.
2. The HRO/Title IX Coordinator may pursue an informal resolution of the Complaint with the agreement of the parties involved. Any party to the Complaint may decide to end the informal resolution process and pursue the formal process at any point. Any informal resolution is subject to the approval of the parties and the Superintendent, who shall consider whether the resolution is in the best interest of the school district and the parties in light of the particular circumstances and applicable policies and laws.
3. The HRO/Title IX Coordinator may implement supportive measures (consistent with any applicable collective bargaining agreement provisions) to reduce the risk of further discrimination or harassment while an investigation is pending. Examples of supportive measures include, but are not limited to, ordering no contact between the individuals involved; changing a work location or changing a work schedule.
4. The Complaint will be investigated by a trained internal or external individual designated by the Superintendent and the HRO/Title IX Coordinator. Any Complaint about an employee who holds a supervisory position will be investigated by a person who is not subject to that supervisor's authority. Any Complaint about the Superintendent with regard to discrimination and/or harassment will be submitted to the Chair of the Board, who should consult with legal counsel concerning the handling and investigation of the Complaint.
5. The investigator shall consult with the HRO/Title IX Coordinator as agreed during the investigation process.
6. The respondent will be provided with an opportunity to be heard as part of the investigation. The complainant shall not be required to attend meetings with the respondent, but may choose to do so as part of an informal resolution process.

7. The complainant and the respondent may suggest witnesses and/or submit materials they believe are relevant to the Complaint.
8. If the subject of the Complaint is an employee of the District, any rights conferred under an applicable individual contract or collective bargaining agreement(s) shall be applied.
9. Privacy rights of all parties to the Complaint shall be maintained in accordance with applicable state and federal laws.
10. The investigation will be completed within ~~21~~ 40 business ~~school~~ days of receiving the Complaint, if practicable. Reasonable extensions of time for good reason shall be allowed.
11. The investigator shall provide a written report and findings to the HRO/Title IX Coordinator.

### **C. Findings and Subsequent Actions**

1. The HRO/Title IX Coordinator shall consult with the Superintendent concerning the investigation and findings.
2. If there is a finding that discrimination or harassment occurred, the HRO/Title IX Coordinator, in consultation with the Superintendent:
  - a. Determine what remedial action, if any, is required to end the discrimination or harassment, remedy its effect and prevent recurrence.
  - b. Determine what disciplinary action should be taken against the person(s) who engaged in discrimination or harassment, if any; and
3. Inform the complainant and the respondent in writing of the results of the investigation and its resolution (in accordance with applicable state and federal privacy laws).

### **D. Appeals**

1. After the conclusion of the investigation, the complainant or respondent may seek an appeal of the findings solely on the basis of either (a) prejudicial procedural error or (b) the discovery of previously unavailable relevant evidence that could significantly impact the outcome, or the investigator's recommendation.
2. Appeals must be submitted in writing to the Superintendent within five business days of receiving notice of the outcome of the investigation.

3. Upon receipt of a valid appeal, the Superintendent shall provide notice to the other party, along with an opportunity to provide a written statement within five business days.
4. The Superintendent shall review the available documentation and may conduct further investigation if deemed appropriate.
5. The Superintendent's decision on the appeal shall be provided to the parties within 10 calendar [or business] days, if practicable. The Superintendent's decision shall be final.

#### **E. Records**

The HRO/Title IX Coordinator shall keep a written record of the complaint process.

### **Section 3. Title IX Sexual Harassment Complaint Procedure**

This section should be used only for complaints of Title IX sexual harassment as defined in Section 1.B.1.

#### **A. How to Make A Report**

1. Any individual who believes an employee has been sexually harassed (as this term is defined in Section 1.B.1) may make a report to the HRO/Title IX Coordinator.
2. If the individual making the report is the alleged victim, or if the alleged victim is identified by the individual making the report, the HRO/Title IX Coordinator will meet with the alleged victim to discuss supportive measures that may be appropriate in the particular circumstances and explain the process for filing a formal complaint.
  - a. Supportive measures are individualized measures designed to ensure the employee can continue to access and perform their work (such as requiring no contact between individuals, temporarily moving work locations or changing schedules, etc.).
  - b. Supportive measures may be continued even if the alleged victim chooses not to file a formal complaint, if appropriate under the particular circumstances.
3. The school district cannot provide an informal resolution process for resolving a report until a formal complaint is filed.
4. Employees will not be retaliated against for reporting sexual harassment, or for participating in an investigation. Retaliation is illegal under federal and state nondiscrimination laws, and any retaliation will result in disciplinary actions, up to and including discharge.
5. Any employee who believes they have been the victim of sexual harassment is encouraged to utilize the school district's complaint

procedures. However, employees are hereby notified that they also have the right to report sexual harassment to the New Hampshire Commission for Human Rights, 2 Chenell Drive, Concord, NH 03301-8501 (telephone: 603-271-2767), and/or to the federal Office for Civil Rights, U.S. Department of Education, 5 Post Office Square, 8<sup>th</sup> Floor, Boston, MA 02109-3921 (telephone: 617-289-0111).

6. The Superintendent shall be informed of all reports and formal complaints of sexual harassment.

### **B. How to Make A Formal Complaint**

1. An alleged victim may file a formal written complaint requesting investigation of alleged Title IX sexual harassment. The written complaint must include basic information concerning the allegation of sexual harassment (i.e., date, time, location, individual(s) who alleged engaged in sexual harassment, description of allegation).

Employees who need assistance in preparing a formal written complaint, are encouraged to consult with the HRO/Title IX Coordinator.

2. In certain circumstances, the HRO/Title IX Coordinator may file a formal complaint even when the alleged victim chooses not to. Examples include if the respondent (person alleged to have engaged in sexual harassment) has been found responsible for previous sexual harassment or there is a safety threat within the school district). In such cases, the alleged victim is not a party to the case, but will receive notices as required by the Title IX regulations at specific points in the complaint process.
3. In accordance with the Title IX regulations, the HRO/Title IX Coordinator must dismiss a formal complaint under this Title IX procedure if: a) the conduct alleged in the formal complaint does not constitute sexual harassment under the Title IX regulations and this policy; b) if the conduct alleged did not occur within the scope of the school district's education programs and activities, or c) did not occur in the United States.
4. In accordance with the Title IX regulations, the HRO/Title IX Coordinator may dismiss a formal complaint under this Title IX procedure if: a) a complainant withdraws the formal complaint, or withdraws particular allegations within the complaint; b) the respondent is no longer employed by the school district; or c) there are specific circumstances that prevent the school district from gathering evidence sufficient to reach a determination regarding the formal complaint.
5. If a formal complaint is dismissed under this Title IX procedure, the HRO/Title IX Coordinator will promptly and simultaneously send written notices to the parties explaining the reasons. Parties have the opportunity to appeal dismissals in accordance with subsection I below.

6. If the conduct alleged potentially violates other laws, Board policies and/or professional expectations, the school district may address the conduct under Section 2 or another applicable policy/procedure.

### **C. Administrative Leave**

The Superintendent may place a respondent on administrative leave during the complaint procedure:

1. If there is a determination (following an individualized safety and risk analysis) that there is an immediate threat to the physical health or safety of an individual arising from the allegations of sexual harassment. Examples of such circumstances might include, but are not limited to, a continued threat of violence against a complainant by a respondent, or a respondent's threat of self-harm due to the allegations.
2. The respondent will be provided notice of the administrative leave, and will be provided an opportunity to challenge the decision following the removal (this is an opportunity to be heard, not a hearing). The respondent has the burden to demonstrate why the emergency leave was unreasonable.
3. Any such decision to place an employee on administrative leave shall be made in compliance with any applicable disability laws, including Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act and the Americans with Disabilities Act.

### **D. Notice to Parties of Formal Complaint**

1. The Title IX Coordinator will provide to the parties written notice of the formal complaint and allegations of sexual harassment potentially constituting prohibited conduct under the Title IX regulations and this procedure. The notice will include:
  - Notice regarding the complaint procedure and the availability of an informal resolution process;
  - Sufficient details known at the time (including identities of parties, if known; the conduct alleged; and the date and location of the alleged incident, if known), with sufficient time to prepare before any initial interview (not less than five business days);
  - As required by the Title IX regulations, a statement that the respondent is presumed not responsible for the alleged conduct and that a determination of responsibility will be made at the conclusion of the complaint); and that the parties may inspect and review evidence;
  - Notice that the parties may each have an advisor of their choice (who may be an attorney), and that the parties may inspect and review evidence;



- Notice that knowingly making false statements or submitting false information during the complaint procedure is prohibited and may result in disciplinary action; and
  - Notice of the name of the investigator, with sufficient time (no less than three calendar business days) to raise concerns of conflict of interest or bias.
2. If additional allegations become known at a later time, notice of the additional allegations will be provided to the parties.
  3. The HRO/Title IX Coordinator will discuss supportive measures with each party and implement such measures as appropriate.

#### **E. Informal Resolution Process**

After a formal complaint has been filed, and if the HRO/Title IX Coordinator believes the circumstances are appropriate, the HRO/Title IX Coordinator may offer the parties the opportunity to participate in an informal resolution process to resolve the complaint without completing the investigation and determination process. Informal resolutions cannot be used to resolve a formal complaint where a student is the complainant and the respondent is an employee.

Informal resolutions can take many forms, depending on the particular case. Examples include, but are not limited to, facilitated discussions between the parties; restorative justice; acknowledgment of responsibility by a respondent; apologies; disciplinary actions against a respondent or a requirement to engage in specific services; or supportive measures. Both parties must voluntarily agree in writing to participate in an informal resolution process, and either party can withdraw from the process at any time. The Superintendent must agree to the terms of any informal resolution reached between the parties. If an informal resolution agreement is reached, it must be signed by both parties and the school district. Any such signed agreement is final and binding according to its terms.

If an informal resolution process does not resolve the formal complaint, nothing from the informal resolution process may be considered as evidence in the subsequent investigation or determination.

#### **F. Investigation**

1. The complaint will be investigated by a trained internal or external individual designated by the Superintendent and HRO/Title IX Coordinator. Any complaint about an employee who holds a supervisory position shall be investigated by a person who is not subject to that supervisor's authority. Any complaint about the Superintendent should be submitted to the Chair of the Board, who should consult with legal counsel concerning the handling and investigation of the complaint.

2. The investigator shall consult with the HRO/Title IX Coordinator as agreed during the investigation process.
3. If the complaint is against an employee of the school district, rights conferred under an applicable collective bargaining agreement shall be applied, to the extent they do not conflict with the Title IX regulatory requirements.
4. Privacy rights of all parties to the complaint shall be maintained in accordance with applicable state and federal laws.
5. The investigator will:
  - a. Meet with each party after they have received appropriate notice of any meeting and its purpose, with sufficient time to prepare.
  - b. Allow parties to have their advisor at all meetings related to the complaint, although advisors may not speak on behalf of a party or interfere with the process.
  - c. Allow parties a reasonable opportunity to identify witnesses and submit favorable and unfavorable evidence.
  - d. Interview witnesses and conduct such other activities that will assist in ascertaining facts (site visits, review of documents, etc.).
  - e. Consider evidence that is relevant and directly related to the allegations in the formal complaint.
  - f. During the course of the investigation, provide both parties with an equal opportunity to inspect and review any evidence that is obtained in the investigation that is directly related to the allegations in the formal complaint (including evidence which the school district does not intend to rely upon in reaching a determination of responsibility), and favorable and unfavorable evidence.
  - g. Prior to completion of the investigation report, provide each party and advisor (if any) the evidence subject to inspection and review, and provide the parties with ten business days to submit a written response.
  - h. Consider the parties' written responses to the evidence prior to completing the investigation report.
  - i. Create an investigative report that fairly summarizes relevant evidence and send the report to the parties and advisors (if any), for their review and written responses within ten business days of receipt.

- j. After receipt of the parties' written responses (if any), forward the investigation report and party responses to the assigned decision maker.
6. The investigation shall be concluded within 40 business days if practicable. Reasonable extension of time for good reason shall be allowed.

**G. Determination of Responsibility**

1. The decision maker shall provide the parties with the opportunity to submit written, relevant questions that the party wants asked of another party or witness within five business days of when the decision maker received the investigation report and party responses.
  - a. The decision maker shall explain to a party proposing questions if the decision maker excludes a question as not relevant.
2. Each party shall be provided the opportunity to review the responses of another party and/or witness, and to ask limited written follow-up questions within five business days of receiving the answers.
3. Each party will receive a copy of the responses to any follow-up questions.
4. The decision maker shall review the investigation report, the parties' responses and other relevant materials, applying the preponderance of the evidence standard ("more likely than not").
5. The decision maker shall issue a written determination, which shall include the following:
  - a. Identification of all the allegations potentially constituting sexual harassment as defined in the Title IX regulations and this policy;
  - b. A description of the procedural steps taken from receipt of the formal complaint through the determination, including notifications to the parties, interviews with parties and witnesses, site visits, methods used to gather other evidence, and meetings held;
  - c. A determination regarding responsibility as to each allegation and findings of fact supporting the determinations;
  - d. A statement of, and rationale for, the result as to each allegation, including a determination regarding responsibility, any disciplinary sanctions the school district imposes on the respondent, and whether remedies designed to restore or preserve equal access to the school district's programs and activities will be provided to the complainant;
  - e. The school district's appeal procedure and permissible bases for the parties to appeal the determination.

6. The written determination shall be provided to the parties simultaneously. The determination concerning responsibility becomes final either on the date that the school district provides the parties with the written determination of the results of the appeal, if an appeal is filed, or if an appeal is not filed, the date on which the appeal would no longer be considered timely.

## **H. Remedies, Discipline and Other Actions**

### **1. Remedies**

Remedies are measures used to ensure that the complainant has equal access to the school district's education programs and activities following the decision maker's determination. Such remedies may include supportive measures, and may include other appropriate measures, depending upon the determination and the needs of the complainant. The Title IX Coordinator is responsible for implementing remedies and providing any needed assistance to the Complainant.

### **2. Discipline and Other Actions**

The following are examples of the types of disciplinary actions that may be imposed on an employee when there is a determination that they are responsible for one or more violations involving sexual harassment:

- Written warning.
- Probation.
- Demotion.
- Suspension without pay.
- Discharge.

The following are examples of other types of actions that may be imposed on an employee when there is a determination of responsibility:

- Performance improvement plan.
- Counseling.
- Training.
- Loss of leadership/stipend position.

## **I. Appeals**

The parties have the opportunity to appeal a determination regarding responsibility, and from dismissals of formal complaints. Under the Title IX regulations, appeals are allowed on the following grounds:

1. A procedural irregularity that affected the outcome of the matter;
2. New evidence that was not reasonably available at the time the determination regarding responsibility or dismissal of the formal complaint was made, that could affect the outcome of the matter; or

3. The Title IX Coordinator, investigator, or decision maker had a conflict of interest or bias for or against complainants or respondents generally, or the individual complainant or respondent that affected the outcome of the matter.

An appeal must be filed in writing within five business days of receiving the determination, stating the grounds for the appeal and including any relevant documentation in support of the appeal. Appeals submitted after this deadline are not timely and shall not be considered.

1. Appeals must be filed with the Superintendent, who will consider the appeal.
2. The Superintendent shall conduct an impartial review of the appeal, including consideration of the written record of the matter, and may consult with legal counsel or other school district officials in making their decision.
3. The Superintendent shall issue a written decision describing the result of the appeal and rationale for the result, and provide the written decision simultaneously to the parties. The decision will either deny the appeal; grant the appeal and remand to the decision maker for further consideration; or grant the appeal by revising the disciplinary action(s).

## **J. Records**

Records in connection with sexual harassment reports and the complaint process shall be maintained for a minimum of seven years.

### **Legal References:**

Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 (20 U.S.C. § 1681 et seq.); 34 C.F.R. Part 106. Clery Act (20 U.S.C. § 1092(f)(6)(A)(v) - definition of sexual assault) Violence Against Women Act (34 U.S.C. § 1092(f)(6)(A)(v) – definition of sexual assault; 34 U.S.C. § 12291(a)(10) – dating violence; 34 U.S.C. § 12291(a)(3) – definition of stalking; 34 U.S.C. § 12291(a)(8) – definition of domestic violence) Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. § 2000d). Americans with Disabilities Act (42 U.S.C § 12101 et seq.), as amended. Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (Section 504) (29 U.S.C. § 794 et seq.), as amended. Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. § 2000e, et. seq.; 29 C.F.R. § 1604.11)  
Age Discrimination in Employment Act (29 U.S.C. § 623 et seq.)  
Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act of 2008 (42 U.S.C. § 2000ff et seq.)  
RSA 186:11; and 354-A  
NH Code Admin. R. Ed. 303.01(i) and (j)

Cross Reference: 2401 – Nondiscrimination/Equal Opportunity  
5125 – Harassment and Sexual Harassment of Students

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